

The Visual Quality of Low Emissivity Glass

NEW THERMAL INSULATION REGULATIONS

The new Part L (Conservation of Fuel Power) of the Building Regulations came into force on 1 April 2002. For the first time, Part L covers replacement windows, which now have to meet more rigorous standards of thermal insulation. Without low emissivity (Low-e) glass in your windows, you have little prospect of meeting the new requirements.

WHAT IS LOW EMISSIVITY (LOW-E) GLASS?

Low-e glass is a vital component of energy efficient windows. It has a surface coating that operates as follows:-

- It allows short wavelength heat from the winter sun to enter your home through the glazing
- This solar energy works with your domestic heating system to warm up your room, which then gives off long wavelength heat radiation
- A large proportion of that long wave heat would vanish back out through windows made of ordinary glass. However, the Low-e coating reflects that heat back into your room i.e. the coating traps the heat in your home

As a consequence, you will feel much warmer during the winter, and your pocket will feel the benefit of reduced heating costs.

WILL LOW-E GLASS MEET THE BUILDING REGULATIONS?

Better than merely meeting the Regulations, Low-e glass is virtually essential to enable you to achieve the new targets.

LONDON

Unit 27, Gemini Business Park, Hornet Way, Beckton, E6 7FF
Tel : 020 7473 0999 Fax : 020 7476 1017
orders.fareham@nichollsandclarke.com

FAREHAM

28 Barnes Wallis Road, Fareham, Hampshire, PO15 5TT
Tel : 01489 589858 Fax : 01489 574474
orders.fareham@nichollsandclarke.com

Are there any disadvantages?

We have discussed the significant advantages to your pocket and comfort above. Given the substantial benefits of Low-e any disadvantages are insignificant. You are now having to use a coated glass and this means you can see evidence of the coating in one or all of the following ways:-

As a tint, making some materials appear differently when viewed directly through the glass

As a 'haze', when viewing the glass at some angles and in some lighting conditions

By the appearance of condensation on the outside surface of the glass under certain weather conditions.

This being positive proof that the glass is preventing heat loss from your house. As the glass is becoming colder than normal and allowing dew to form

It may also be possible that Low-e glass may exhibit minor blemishes and the tint may also change if windows are made at different times or from different batches of glass. These are not detrimental to the functioning of the unit and are not deemed to be a defect.

How is visual quality assessed?

The visual quality of a window is assessed by looking through it from the room side, at right angles to the glass, standing at a distance of not less than 3 metres from the glass, under natural daylight and not direct sunlight, with no visible moisture on the surfaces of the glass. Provided your vision through the glass is not impeded under these conditions, for example, by scratches, bubbles or distortion of external objects, your windows are of a good visual quality.

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